1. **Transition Policy**
   - Develop a transition policy/statement with input from youth and families that describes the practice’s approach to transition, including privacy and consent information.
   - Educate all staff about the practice’s approach to transition, the policy/statement, the *Six Core Elements*, and distinct roles of the youth, family, and pediatric and adult health care team in the transition process, taking into account cultural preferences.
   - Post policy and share/discuss with youth and families, beginning at age 12 to 14, and regularly review as part of ongoing care.

2. **Transition Tracking and Monitoring**
   - Establish criteria and process for identifying transitioning youth and enter their data into a registry.
   - Utilize individual flow sheet or registry to track youth’s transition progress with the *Six Core Elements*.
   - Incorporate *Six Core Elements* into clinical care process, using EHR if possible.

3. **Transition Readiness**
   - Conduct regular transition readiness assessments, beginning at age 14, to identify and discuss with youth and parent/caregiver their needs and goals in self-care.
   - Jointly develop goals and prioritized actions with youth and parent/caregiver and document regularly in a plan of care.

4. **Transition Planning**
   - Develop and regularly update the plan of care, including readiness assessment findings, goals and prioritized actions, medical summary and emergency care plan, and, if needed, a condition fact sheet and legal documents.
   - Prepare youth and parent/caregiver for adult approach to care at age 18, including legal changes in decision-making and privacy and consent, self-advocacy, and access to information.
   - Determine need for decision-making supports for youth with intellectual challenges and make referrals to legal resources.
   - Plan with youth and parent/caregiver for optimal timing of transfer. If both primary and subspecialty care are involved, discuss optimal timing for each.
   - Obtain consent from youth/guardian for release of medical information.
   - Assist youth in identifying an adult provider and communicate with selected provider about pending transfer of care.
   - Provide linkages to insurance resources, self-care management information, and culturally appropriate community supports.

5. **Transfer of Care**
   - Confirm date of first adult provider appointment.
   - Transfer young adult when his/her condition is stable.
   - Complete transfer package, including final transition readiness assessment, plan of care with transition goals and pending actions, medical summary and emergency care plan, and, if needed, legal documents, condition fact sheet, and additional provider records.
   - Prepare letter with transfer package, send to adult practice, and confirm adult practice’s receipt of transfer package.
   - Confirm with adult provider the pediatric provider’s responsibility for care until young adult is seen in adult setting.

6. **Transfer Completion**
   - Contact young adult and parent/caregiver 3 to 6 months after last pediatric visit to confirm transfer of responsibilities to adult practice and elicit feedback on experience with transition process.
   - Communicate with adult practice confirming completion of transfer and offer consultation assistance, as needed.
   - Build ongoing and collaborative partnerships with adult primary and specialty care providers.